## **2019 CERTIFICATION**

2020 APR 29 PM 1: 4幹

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Magee's Creek Water	Assn., Inc.
Public Water System Name	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water System	s included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Pul a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of loverequest. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all	blic Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute ng on the population served by the PWS, this CCR ocal circulation, or provided to the customers upon CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) on
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach cop.	y of publication, water bill or other)
☐ ☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of	f advertisement)
☐ ☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
☐ Email message (Email the message to the ac ☐ Other	ddress below)
Date(s) customers were informed: 4/18/2020 4/	<b>23</b> /2020 / /2020
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct methods used	
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /	
☐ CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy)	Date Emailed: / / 2020
□ □ As a URL	(Provide Direct URL)
□ As an attachment	
☐ ☐ As text within the body of the email message	
OCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published Name of Newspaper: Columbian Progress - Date Published: 4/8/2020	
□ CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / / 2020
☐ CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the follow	wing address:
CERTIFICATION	(Provide Direct URL)
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this publishove and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further cert and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply	ify that the information included in this CCR is true
Kingle & Brose	4-28-2020
Name/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Asmin. Contact, etc.)	Date
Submission options (Select one meth	nod ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity\*\*

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

### 2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 740076 April 2020

APR 2 7 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. have received lower rankings in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Travis Marbury at 601.876.4838. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meeting that will be held on the second Thursday of May at 7:00 PM at the corporate office located at 515 Manning's Crossing Road, Tylertown, MS 39337.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST I	RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collecte	d Detec		oles ng	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants							
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0273	.02090273		ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2018*	.44	.3944		ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-Pr	oducts				·			
Chlorine		2019	1.4	1.1 – 1.6	ppm		0 MRI		Water additive used to control microbes
Unregulat	ed Conta	aminan	ıts						
Sodium	N 2	2019	2400	2300 - 2400	PPB	NOI	NE I	NONE	Road Salt. Water Treatment
Bromide									Chemicals, Water Softeners and
	N 2	2019	20.606	No Range	UG/L				Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.  Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seawater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used
Manganese		2019	.929	No Range .576929	UG/L				Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.  Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seawater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used in medicines and as a germicide Naturally-occurring element; commercially available in combinatio with other elements and minerals; used in steel production, fertilizer, coatteries and fireworks; drinking water and wastewater treatment chemicals
	N 2								Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.  Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seawater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used in medicines and as a germicide Naturally-occurring element; commercially available in combinatio with other elements and minerals; used in steel production, fertilizer, patteries and fireworks; drinking water
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<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

#### 2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 740078 April 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

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2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Magee's Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 740076 April 2020

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## PROOF OF PUBLICATION

### THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF MARION

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned Public, in and for the County and State aforesaid, McNeese who being by me and duly sworn, states on o she is Legal Clerk of the Columbian-Progress, a new published in the City of Columbia, State and County, afor and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is attached, has been made in said paper time follows:	Tracey ath that spaper presaid hereto
In Vol. 118 No. 32 Date 18 day of April	_, 2020
In Vol. 118 No Date day of	, 2020
In Vol. 118 No Date day of	_, 2020
In Vol. 118 No Date day of	_, 2020
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 18th 2020.  ID # 79 Bonnie Hudson, Notary Public BONNIE G. Hudson  Commission Expires  Nov. 3, 2021	- day of
No. words 3114 at 42 Total \$483 00	
Proof of Publication \$3.00	
Total Cost\$	

THIS IS NOT A STATEMENT

Hachid